**Astronomy Unit Review Test February 18, 2014 Name:**

Terms you should know: Pg. 80

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| Revolution | The motion of body that travels around another body in space: |
| Rotation | The spin of a body on its axis |

Galaxies Pg. pg. 46-49, Power Point

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| galaxy | A huge group of single stars, star systems, star clusters, dust, and gas bound together by gravity |
| Elliptical Galaxy | A galaxy that has very bright centers and very little dust and gas |
| Spiral Galaxy | A galaxy with a bulge in the center and very distinctive spiral arms. Our Milky Way is a spiral galaxy. |
| Irregular Galaxy | A galaxy that has an undefined shape; irregular galaxies have large numbers of young stars and greats amounts of gas and dust are usually found near larger galaxies. |
| Gas Clouds | nebula or a large cloud of gas and dust |
| Star Clusters | Group of stars that look like a ball |
| Open Clusters | A younger cluster of stars, found in the spiral disk of the galaxy |
| Milky Way | An spiral galaxy that we call home |

Phases of the Moon pg. 112 Power Point

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| Phase | Describes phases following a new moon, as more of the Moon's lighted side becomes visible |
| Waxing | Describes phases following a new moon, as more of the Moon's lighted side becomes visible |
| Waning | pertaining to the period during which the visible surface of the moon decreases |
| Satellite | An object that revolves around another object in space. |
| Luna | The name of our Moon |

Eclipses Pg. 113 , Vocab sheet, Power Point

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| Lunar Eclipse | An eclipse where the Earth comes between the Sun and the Moon and it is a full Moon (the moon is covered, has a shadow of dark red cast on it, or slightly dimmed) |
| Solar Eclipse | Occurs when the Moon passes directly between the Sun and Earth and casts a shadow over part of Earth |
| Partial Eclipse | an eclipse in which the eclipsed body is only partially obscured |
| Corona | The outer fiery edges of the suns |
| Penumbra | a fringe region of partial shadow around an umbra |
| Umbra | The fully shaded inner region of a shadow |
| Total Eclipse | a solar eclipse during which the sun is completely hidden by the Moon, or a lunar eclipse during which the moon is completely immersed in earth's umbra |
| Annular Eclipse | sun is directly behind the moon but a ring of sunlight can be seen around the blackened moon |

Tides (Power Point)

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| Tides | he regular rise and fall of the ocean's surface influenced by the moon's gravity pulling on earth |
| Tidal Range | The difference in levels of ocean water at high tide and low tide. |
| High Tide | occurs on the side of the earth facing the moon and the opposite side of the earth., the tide when the water is highest |
| Low Tide | This is a drop in the ocean water level when the moon is perpendicular to that part of the earth. |
| Spring Tide | When the tidal range is greatest. (full moon and new moon) The Sun, moon and earth are in alignment |
| Neap Tide | A tide with the least difference between consecutive low and high tides. Occurring at the first and third quarter moon. The sun, moon and earth form a 90 degree angle |

Be able to:

* Understand the Difference between Revolution and Rotation ( Day, Year)



* Recognize the types of Galaxies and their contents



* Draw and label the phases of the moon in correct order



* Draw an
* Draw and label the configuration of High Tide, Low Tide, Spring Tide, Neap Tide







***Understand that the relative patterns and positions of the Earth, Moon and Sun cause solar and lunar eclipses, tides and phases of the moon***

***Please review all information on this sheet and all information in your power points, notes and homework assignments***